Senate



General Assembly

File No. 655

February Session, 2016

Senate Bill No. 13

Senate, April 18, 2016

The Committee on Finance, Revenue and Bonding reported through SEN. FONFARA of the 1st Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the Senate, that the bill ought to pass.

AN ACT REDUCING CERTAIN PROBATE COURT FEES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 45a-107 of the 2016 supplement to the general
- 2 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 3 (*Effective from passage*):
- 4 (a) The basic fees for all proceedings in the settlement of the estate
- 5 of any deceased person, including succession and estate tax
- 6 proceedings, shall be in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- 7 (b) In the case of a decedent who dies on or after July 1, 2016, fees
- 8 shall be computed as follows:
- 9 (1) The basis for fees shall be (A) the greatest of (i) the gross estate
- 10 for succession tax purposes, as provided in section 12-349, (ii) the
- 11 inventory, including all supplements thereto, (iii) the Connecticut
- 12 taxable estate, as defined in section 12-391, or (iv) the gross estate for
- 13 estate tax purposes, as provided in chapters 217 and 218, except as

provided in subdivisions (5) and (6) of this subsection, plus (B) all 14 15 damages recovered for injuries resulting in death, minus any hospital 16 and medical expenses for treatment of such injuries resulting in death, 17 minus any hospital and medical expenses for treatment of such injuries 18 that are not reimbursable by medical insurance, and minus the 19 attorney's fees and other costs and expenses of recovering such 20 damages. Any portion of the basis for fees that is determined by property passing to the surviving spouse shall be reduced by fifty per 21 22 cent. Except as provided in subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection, 23 in no case shall the minimum fee be less than twenty-five dollars.

(2) Except as provided in subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection,
 fees shall be assessed in accordance with the following table:

T1	Basis for Computation	
T2	Of Fees	<u>Total Fee</u>
T3	<u>0 to \$500</u>	<u>\$25</u>
T4	\$501 to \$1,000	<u>\$50</u>
T5	\$1,000 to \$10,000	\$50, plus 1% of all
T6		in excess of \$1,000
T7	\$10,000 to \$500,000	\$150, plus .35% of all
T8		in excess of \$10,000
T9	\$500,000 to \$2,000,000	\$1,865, plus .25% of all
T10		in excess of \$500,000
T11	\$2,000,000 to \$8,877,000	\$5,615 plus .5% of all
T12		in excess of \$2,000,000
T13	\$8,877,000 and over	\$40,000

- 26 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this 27 subsection, if the basis for fees is less than ten thousand dollars and a 28 full estate is opened, the minimum fee shall be one hundred fifty 29 dollars.
- 30 (4) In any matter in which the Commissioner of Administrative 31 Services is the legal representative of the estate pursuant to section 4a-

32 16, the fee shall be the lesser of (A) the amount calculated under

- 33 <u>subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, or (B) the amount collected</u>
- 34 by the Commissioner of Administrative Services after paying the
- 35 expense of funeral and burial in accordance with section 17b-84.
- 36 (5) In the case of a deceased person who was domiciled in this state
- on the date of his or her death, the gross estate for estate tax purposes
- 38 shall, for the purpose of determining the basis for fees pursuant to
- 39 <u>subdivision (1) of this subsection, be reduced by the fair market value</u>
- 40 of any real property or tangible personal property of the deceased
- 41 person situated outside of this state.
- 42 (6) In the case of a deceased person who was not domiciled in this
- 43 state on the date of his or her death but who owned real property or
- 44 tangible personal property situated in this state on the date of his or
- 45 her death, only the fair market value of such real property or tangible
- 46 personal property situated in this state shall be included in the basis
- for fees pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- [(b)] (c) In the case of a decedent who dies on or after January 1,
- 49 2015, and prior to July 1, 2016, fees shall be computed as follows:
- 50 (1) The basis for fees shall be (A) the greatest of (i) the gross estate
- 51 for succession tax purposes, as provided in section 12-349, (ii) the
- 52 inventory, including all supplements thereto, (iii) the Connecticut
- 53 taxable estate, as defined in section 12-391, or (iv) the gross estate for
- 54 estate tax purposes, as provided in chapters 217 and 218, except as
- 55 provided in subdivisions (5) and (6) of this subsection, plus (B) all
- 56 damages recovered for injuries resulting in death, minus any hospital
- 57 and medical expenses for treatment of such injuries resulting in death,
- 58 minus any hospital and medical expenses for treatment of such injuries
- 59 that are not reimbursable by medical insurance, and minus the
- 60 attorney's fees and other costs and expenses of recovering such
- damages. Any portion of the basis for fees that is determined by
- 62 property passing to the surviving spouse shall be reduced by fifty per
- 63 cent. Except as provided in subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection,
- in no case shall the minimum fee be less than twenty-five dollars.

(2) Except as provided in subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection, fees shall be assessed in accordance with the following table:

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T14	Basis for Computation	
T15	Of Fees	Total Fee
T16	0 to \$500	\$25
T17	\$501 to \$1,000	\$50
T18	\$1,000 to \$10,000	\$50, plus 1% of all
T19		in excess of \$1,000
T20	\$10,000 to \$500,000	\$150, plus .35% of all
T21		in excess of \$10,000
T22	\$500,000 to \$2,000,000	\$1,865, plus .25% of all
T23		in excess of \$500,000
T24	\$2,000,000 and over	\$5,615 plus .5% of all
T25		in excess of \$2,000,000

- 67 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this 68 subsection, if the basis for fees is less than ten thousand dollars and a 69 full estate is opened, the minimum fee shall be one hundred fifty 70 dollars.
 - (4) In any matter in which the Commissioner of Administrative Services is the legal representative of the estate pursuant to section 4a-16, the fee shall be the lesser of (A) the amount calculated under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, or (B) the amount collected by the Commissioner of Administrative Services after paying the expense of funeral and burial in accordance with section 17b-84.
 - (5) In the case of a deceased person who was domiciled in this state on the date of his or her death, the gross estate for estate tax purposes shall, for the purpose of determining the basis for fees pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, be reduced by the fair market value of any real property or tangible personal property of the deceased person situated outside of this state.
- 83 (6) In the case of a deceased person who was not domiciled in this

state on the date of his or her death but who owned real property or tangible personal property situated in this state on the date of his or her death, only the fair market value of such real property or tangible personal property situated in this state shall be included in the basis for fees pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.

[(c)] (d) For estates in which proceedings were commenced on or after January 1, 2011, for decedents who died before January 1, 2015, fees shall be computed as follows:

- (1) The basis for fees shall be (A) the greatest of (i) the gross estate for succession tax purposes, as provided in section 12-349, (ii) the inventory, including all supplements thereto, (iii) the Connecticut taxable estate, as defined in section 12-391, or (iv) the gross estate for estate tax purposes, as provided in chapters 217 and 218, except as provided in subdivisions (5) and (6) of this subsection, plus (B) all damages recovered for injuries resulting in death, minus any hospital and medical expenses for treatment of such injuries resulting in death, minus any hospital and medical expenses for treatment of such injuries that are not reimbursable by medical insurance, and minus the attorney's fees and other costs and expenses of recovering such damages. Any portion of the basis for fees that is determined by property passing to the surviving spouse shall be reduced by fifty per cent. Except as provided in subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection, in no case shall the minimum fee be less than twenty-five dollars.
- 107 (2) Except as provided in subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection, 108 fees shall be assessed in accordance with the following table:

T26	Basis for Computation	
T27	Of Fees	Total Fee
T28	0 to \$500	\$25
T29	\$501 to \$1,000	\$50
T30	\$1,000 to \$10,000	\$50, plus 1% of all
T31		in excess of \$1,000
T32	\$10,000 to \$500,000	\$150, plus .35% of all

T33		in excess of \$10,000
T34	\$500,000 to \$4,754,000	\$1,865, plus .25% of all
T35		in excess of \$500,000
T36	\$4,754,000 and over	\$12,500

- 109 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, if the basis for fees is less than ten thousand dollars and a full estate is opened, the minimum fee shall be one hundred fifty dollars.
- 113 (4) In any matter in which the Commissioner of Administrative
 114 Services is the legal representative of the estate pursuant to section 4a115 16, the fee shall be the lesser of (A) the amount calculated under
 116 subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, or (B) the amount collected
 117 by the Commissioner of Administrative Services after paying the
 118 expense of funeral and burial in accordance with section 17b-84.

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- (5) In the case of a deceased person who was domiciled in this state on the date of his or her death, the gross estate for estate tax purposes shall, for the purpose of determining the basis for fees pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, be reduced by the fair market value of any real property or tangible personal property of the deceased person situated outside of this state.
- (6) In the case of a deceased person who was not domiciled in this state on the date of his or her death but who owned real property or tangible personal property situated in this state on the date of his or her death, only the fair market value of such real property or tangible personal property situated in this state shall be included in the basis for fees pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- [(d)] (e) For estates in which proceedings were commenced on or after April 1, 1998, and prior to January 1, 2011, fees shall be computed as follows:
- 134 (1) The basis for fees shall be (A) the gross estate for succession tax

135 purposes, as provided in section 12-349, the inventory, including all 136 supplements thereto, the Connecticut taxable estate, as defined in 137 section 12-391, or the gross estate for estate tax purposes, as provided 138 in chapters 217 and 218, whichever is greater, plus (B) all damages 139 recovered for injuries resulting in death, minus any hospital and 140 medical expenses for treatment of such injuries resulting in death, 141 minus any hospital and medical expenses for treatment of such injuries 142 that are not reimbursable by medical insurance and minus the 143 attorney's fees and other costs and expenses of recovering such 144 damages. Any portion of the basis for fees that is determined by 145 property passing to the surviving spouse shall be reduced by fifty per 146 cent. Except as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, in no 147 case shall the minimum fee be less than twenty-five dollars.

148 (2) Except as provided in subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection, 149 fees shall be assessed in accordance with the following table:

T37	Basis for Computation	
T38	Of Fees	Total Fee
T39	0 to \$500	\$25
T40	\$501 to \$1,000	\$50
T41	\$1,000 to \$10,000	\$50, plus 1% of all
T42		in excess of \$1,000
T43	\$10,000 to \$500,000	\$150, plus .35% of all
T44		in excess of \$10,000
T45	\$500,000 to \$4,754,000	\$1,865, plus .25% of all
T46		in excess of \$500,000
T47	\$4,754,000 and over	\$12,500

150 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, if the basis for fees is less than ten thousand dollars and a full estate is opened, the minimum fee shall be one hundred fifty dollars.

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154 (4) In estates where the gross taxable estate is less than six hundred

thousand dollars, in which no succession tax return is required to be

- 156 filed, a probate fee of .1 per cent shall be charged against non-solely-
- owned real estate, in addition to any other fees computed under this
- 158 section.
- [(e)] (f) A fee of fifty dollars shall be payable to the court by any
- 160 creditor applying to the Probate Court pursuant to section 45a-364 for
- 161 consideration of a claim. If such claim is allowed by the court, the court
- may order the fiduciary to reimburse the amount of such fee from the
- 163 estate.
- [(f)] (g) A fee of fifty dollars, plus the actual expenses of
- 165 rescheduling the adjourned hearing that are payable under section
- 166 45a-109, shall be payable to the court by any party who requests an
- 167 adjournment of a scheduled hearing or whose failure to appear
- 168 necessitates an adjournment, except that the court, for cause shown,
- 169 may waive either the fifty-dollar fee or the actual expenses of
- 170 rescheduling the adjourned hearing, or both.
- [(g)] (h) A fee of two hundred fifty dollars shall be payable to the
- 172 Probate Court by a petitioner filing a motion to permit an attorney
- who has not been admitted as an attorney under the provisions of
- section 51-80 to appear pro hac vice in a matter in the Probate Court.
- [(h)] (i) A fee of fifty dollars shall be payable to the Probate Court by
- a petitioner filing a petition to open a safe deposit box under section
- 177 45a-277 or 45a-284.
- [(i)] (j) A fee of fifty dollars shall be payable to the Probate Court by
- a petitioner filing a petition for appointment of an estate examiner
- 180 under section 45a-317a.
- [(j)] (k) The fee for mediation conducted by a member of the panel
- 182 established by the Probate Court Administrator is three hundred fifty
- dollars per day or part thereof.
- [(k)] (l) Except as provided in subsections [(e) to (j)] (f) to (k),
- inclusive, of this section, in no event shall any fee exceed ten thousand

dollars for any estate in which proceedings were commenced prior to

- 187 April 1, 1998, and twelve thousand five hundred dollars for any estate
- in which proceedings were commenced on or after April 1, 1998, for
- decedents dying before January 1, 2015.
- [(l)] (m) In the case of decedents who die on or after January 1, 2011:
- 191 (1) Any fees assessed under this section that are not paid within
- thirty days of the date of an invoice from the Probate Court shall bear
- interest at the rate of one-half of one per cent per month or portion
- 194 thereof until paid;
- 195 (2) If a tax return or a copy of a tax return required under
- subparagraph (D) of subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of section 12-392
- is not filed with a Probate Court by the due date for such return or
- 198 copy under subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 12-392 or by the
- date an extension under subdivision (4) of subsection (b) of section 12-
- 200 392 expires, the fees that would have been due under this section if
- such return or copy had been filed by such due date or expiration date
- shall bear interest at the rate of one-half of one per cent per month or
- 203 portion thereof from the date that is thirty days after such due date or
- 204 expiration date, whichever is later, until paid. If a return or copy is
- 205 filed with a Probate Court on or before such due date or expiration
- 206 date, whichever is later, the fees assessed shall bear interest as
- 207 provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection;
- 208 (3) A Probate Court may extend the time for payment of any fees
- 209 under this section, including interest, if it appears to the court that
- 210 requiring payment by such due date or expiration date would cause
- 211 undue hardship. No additional interest shall accrue during the period
- of such extension. A Probate Court may not waive interest outside of
- 213 any extension period;
- 214 (4) The interest requirements in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this
- 215 subsection shall not apply if:
- 216 (A) The basis for fees for the estate does not exceed forty thousand

- 217 dollars; or
- (B) The basis for fees for the estate does not exceed five hundred thousand dollars and any portion of the property included in the basis
- 220 for fees passes to a surviving spouse.
- Sec. 2. Subsection (a) of section 45a-107b of the 2016 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 224 (a) The fees imposed under subsections (b) [, (c) and (d)] to (e), 225 inclusive, of section 45a-107, as amended by this act, shall be a lien in 226 favor of the state of Connecticut upon any real property located in this 227 state that is included in the basis for fees of the estate of a deceased 228 person, from the due date until paid, with interest that may accrue in 229 addition thereto, except that such lien shall not be valid as against any 230 lienor, mortgagee, judgment creditor or bona fide purchaser until notice of such lien is filed or recorded in the town clerk's office or place 231 232 where mortgages, liens and conveyances of such property are required 233 by statute to be filed or recorded.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	from passage	45a-107	
Sec. 2	from passage	45a-107b(a)	

FIN Joint Favorable

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 17 \$	FY 18 \$
Probate Court	PCAF - Revenue	4.5 million	4.5 million
	Loss		

Note: PCAF=Probate Court Administration Fund

Municipal Impact: None

Explanation

The bill results in a revenue loss of approximately \$4.5 million annually to the Probate Court Administration Fund by placing a cap of \$40,000 on fees paid by decedent's estates for probate court fees. Currently there is no cap for the fee.

The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future.

Sources: FY 15 Estate Data

OLR Bill Analysis

SB 13

AN ACT REDUCING CERTAIN PROBATE COURT FEES.

SUMMARY:

This bill caps at \$40,000 the probate fees for settling estates valued at \$8.877 million and greater, as shown in Table 1. The fee changes apply to estate proceedings for people who die on or after July 1, 2016. The bill also makes a conforming change.

Table 1: Probate Fees for Settling Estates (Ranges Changed by the Bill)

Current Law		Bill	
Estate Value	Fee	Estate Value	Fee
At least \$2	\$5,615, plus 0.5% of the	\$2 million to \$8.877 million	\$5,615, plus 0.5% of the excess over \$2 mil.
million	excess over \$2 mil.	At least \$8.877 million	\$40,000

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon passage

BACKGROUND

Related Bill

sHB 5046, favorably reported by the Finance, Revenue and Bonding Committee, contains identical provisions.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Finance, Revenue and Bonding Committee

Joint Favorable Yea 50 Nay 0 (03/31/2016)